

Rivergate Parkway Bridge Addendum No. 3 - Page 1 of 13 Revised Itemized Bid Revised Drawing Sheet – B21 (Issued separately to the Plan Holders in Bonfire)

ADDENDUM NO. 3

TO: Prospective Bidders

FROM: Donna Johnson, Contracts Administrator

DATE: October 11, 2023

PROJECT: Rivergate Parkway Bridge

Project No.: PMES221722 Bid Number: 269-2024-018

The following items are being issued herein for modification and clarification to the Bid Requirements for the project referenced above.

MODIFICATIONS TO PROJECT MANUAL

The following sections have been revised by this addendum:

1) Under Section 00 40 00 "ITEMIZED BID", the following item(s) have been modified:

Item #	Section #	Description	Qty	Unit	Unit Price (\$)	Amount Bid (\$) (Qty x Unit Price)
4	SP-03	Rock Removal	300 5	CY		
5	SP-04	Type I Standard Type II Modified Approach Fill, Station 14+02.63	1	LS		
6	SP-04	Type I Standard Type II Modified Approach Fill, Station 15+07.63	1	LS		
14	SP-13 450	PDA Testing	1	EA		
15	SP-13 450	Steel Pile Points	16	EA		
16	SP-13 450	HP 12x53 Steel Piles	340	LF		
34	SP-06	Conduit, PVC, CDOT, 2", Schedule 80	150 283	LF		

The Electronic Itemized Bid Form available on the Bonfire Procurement Portal has been revised to reflect the above changes.

2) On Section 00 70 00 – STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISIONS (page 00 70 00 – 7), add the Article 1.3 Piles as follows:

1.3 PILES

(10-19-21)(Rev. 12-20-22)

450

SP4 R05



Rivergate Parkway Bridge
Addendum No. 3 - Page 2 of 13
Revised Itemized Bid
Revised Drawing Sheet – B21 (Issued separately to the Plan Holders in Bonfire)

REVISE THE 2018 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS AS FOLLOWS:

Page 4-65, Article 450-1 DESCRIPTION, lines 8-9, replace the fourth sentence of the first paragraph with the following:

Galvanize, metallize, restrike, redrive, splice, cut off and build up piles and perform predrilling, spudding and pile driving analyzer testing as necessary or required.

Page 4-65, Article 450-1 DESCRIPTION, lines 14-16, replace the third paragraph with the following:

The estimated pile lengths shown in the plans are sufficient for the minimum required pile embedment and penetration and are estimates of the pile lengths needed for required driving resistance. For prestressed concrete piles, use estimated pile lengths for pile order lengths or the Engineer will provide pile order lengths based on testing prestressed concrete piles with the pile driving analyzer (PDA). For bridges with staged construction and pile order lengths based on testing prestressed concrete piles with the PDA, order lengths for latter stages will not be provided until pile driving for previous stage of construction is complete.

Page 4-66, Article 450-3(C) Pile Accessories, line 14, insert the following as the second, third and fourth sentence of the first paragraph:

Steel pile points for steel pipe piles include pipe pile cutting shoes and conical points. Use "inside fit" pipe pile cutting shoes, i.e., cutting shoes with an outside diameter equal to the pipe pile diameter. Use pipe pile plates with a diameter equal to the pipe pile diameter.

Page 4-66, Article 450-3(D) Driven Piles, lines 37-39, replace the fourth paragraph with the following:

Redrive piles raised or moved laterally due to driving adjacent piles. For initial drive of prestressed concrete piles below a depth of 10 ft or 20% of pile length, whichever is greater, drive each pile continuously except to pause driving for one hour or less to change pile cushions and remove templates. Design and construct templates so prestressed concrete piles can be driven to pile cut-off without exceeding the one-hour time limit. When a prestressed concrete pile attains the required resistance and pile penetration, do not drive the pile any further to avoid cutting off the pile. If a prestressed concrete pile does not have the minimum required driving resistance when the pile head is 1 ft above pile cut-off, stop driving the pile.

Page 4-68, Article 450-3(D)(3) Required Driving Resistance, lines 10-11, replace the second paragraph with the following:

Stop driving piles if "refusal" is reached. Refusal occurs at 240 blows per foot (20 blows per inch) or any equivalent set (maximum set of 1/2 inch in 10 blows) with the required stroke as per the pile driving criteria.

Page 4-68, Article 450-3(D)(4) Restriking and Redriving Piles, lines 13-15, replace the first sentence of the first paragraph with the following:

If piles do not attain the required resistance with the estimated or order lengths, the Engineer may require the Contractor to stop driving piles, wait and restrike or redrive piles to attain the required resistance.

Page 4-69, Article 450-3(F) Pile Driving Analyzer, lines 16-18, replace the first and second sentences of the second paragraph with the following:

Test piles in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Provide piles for PDA testing with lengths shown in the plans.



Revision Date: 10/06/2023 by LandDesign

Rivergate Parkway Bridge
Addendum No. 3 - Page 3 of 13
Revised Itemized Bid
Revised Drawing Sheet – B21 (Issued separately to the Plan Holders in Bonfire)

3) On Section 00 75 00 – PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS (page 00 75 00 – 7 through 9), delete in its entirety and replace the **SP-04**, **BRIDGE APPROACH FILLS** as follows:

SP-04, BRIDGE APPROACH FILLS

1.0 DESCRIPTION

Bridge approach fills consist of backfilling behind bridge end bents with select material or aggregate to support all or portions of bridge approach slabs. Install drains to drain water from bridge approach fills and geotextiles to separate approach fills from embankment fills, ABC and natural ground as required. For bridge approach fills behind end bents with mechanically stabilized earth (MSE) abutment walls, reinforce bridge approach fills with MSE wall reinforcement connected to end bent caps. Construct bridge approach fills in accordance with the contract, accepted submittals and 2018 Roadway Standard Drawing Nos. 422.01 or 422.02 or Roadway Detail Drawing No. 422D10.

Define bridge approach fill types as follows:

Approach Fills – Bridge approach fills in accordance with 2018 Roadway Standard Drawing Nos. 422.01 or 422.02 or Roadway Detail Drawing No. 422D10;

Standard Approach Fill – Type I Standard Bridge Approach Fill in accordance with 2018 Roadway Standard Drawing No. 422.01;

Modified Approach Fill – Type II Modified Bridge Approach Fill in accordance with 2018 Roadway Standard Drawing No. 422.02 and

Reinforced Approach Fill – Type III Reinforced Bridge Approach Fill in accordance with Roadway Detail Drawing No. 422D10.

2.0 MATERIALS

Refer to Division 10 of the NCDOT Standard Specifications.

Item	Section
Geotextiles, Type 1	1056
Portland Cement Concrete	1000
Select Materials	1016
Subsurface Drainage Materials	1044

Provide Type 1 geotextile for separation geotextiles and Class B concrete for outlet pads. Use Class V or Class VI select material for standard and modified approach fills. For an approach fill behind a bridge end bent with an MSE abutment wall, backfill the reinforced approach fill with the same aggregate type approved for the reinforced zone in the accepted MSE wall submittal. For MSE wall aggregate, reinforcement and connector materials, see the *Mechanically Stabilized Earth Retaining Walls* special provision. Provide PVC pipes, fittings and outlet pipes for subsurface drainage materials. For PVC drain pipes, use pipes with perforations that meet AASHTO M 278.

3.0 CONSTRUCTION METHODS

Excavate as necessary for approach fills in accordance with the contract. Notify the Engineer when foundation excavation is complete. Do not place separation geotextiles or aggregate until approach fill dimensions and foundation material are approved.



Rivergate Parkway Bridge
Addendum No. 3 - Page 4 of 13
Revised Itemized Bid
Revised Drawing Sheet – B21 (Issued separately to the Plan Holders in Bonfire)

For reinforced approach fills, cast MSE wall reinforcement or connectors into end bent cap backwalls within 3" of locations shown in the accepted MSE wall submittals. Install MSE wall reinforcement with the orientation, dimensions and number of layers shown in the accepted MSE wall submittals. If a reinforced approach fill is designed with geogrid reinforcement embedded in an end bent cap, cut geogrids to the required lengths and after securing ends of geogrids in place, reroll and rewrap portions of geogrids not embedded in the cap to protect geogrids from damage. Before placing aggregate, pull geosynthetic reinforcement taut so that it is in tension and free of kinks, folds, wrinkles or creases.

Attach separation geotextiles to end bent cap backwalls and wing walls with adhesives, tapes or other approved methods. Overlap adjacent separation geotextiles at least 18" with seams oriented parallel to the roadway centerline. Hold geotextiles in place with wire staples or anchor pins as needed. Contact the Engineer when existing or future obstructions such as foundations, pavements, pipes, inlets or utilities will interfere with separation geotextiles or MSE wall reinforcement.

Install continuous perforated PVC drain pipes with perforations pointing down in accordance with 2018 Roadway Standard Drawing Nos. 422.01 or 422.02. Connect drain pipes to outlet pipes just beyond wing walls. Connect PVC pipes, fittings and outlet pipes with solvent cement in accordance with Article 815-3 of the NCDOT Standard Specifications and place outlet pads in accordance with 2018 Roadway Standard Drawing No. 815.03.

Install drain pipes so water drains towards outlets. If the groundwater elevation is above drain pipe elevations, raise drains up to maintain positive drainage towards outlets. Place pipe sleeves in or under wing walls so water drains towards outlets. Use sleeves that can withstand wing wall loads.

Place select material or aggregate in 8" to 10" thick lifts. Compact fine aggregate for reinforced approach fills in accordance with Subarticle 235-3(C) of the NCDOT Standard Specifications except compact fine aggregate to a density of at least 98%. Compact select material for standard or modified approach fills and coarse aggregate for reinforced approach fills with a vibratory compactor to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Do not displace or damage geosynthetics, MSE wall reinforcement or drains when placing and compacting select material or aggregate. End dumping directly on geosynthetics is not permitted. Do not operate heavy equipment on geosynthetics or drain pipes until they are covered with at least 8" of select material or aggregate. Replace any damaged geosynthetics or drains to the satisfaction of the Engineer. When approach fills extend beyond bridge approach slabs, wrap separation geotextiles over select material or aggregate as shown in 2018 Roadway Standard Drawing No. 422.01 or 2018 Roadway Detail Drawing No. 422D10.

4.0 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Type II Modified Approach Fill, Station _____ will be paid at the contract lump sum price. The lump sum price for each approach fill will be full compensation for providing labor, tools, equipment and approach fill materials, excavating, backfilling, hauling and removing excavated materials, installing geotextiles and drains, compacting backfill and supplying select material, aggregate, separation geotextiles, drain pipes, pipe sleeves, outlet pipes and pads and any incidentals necessary to construct approach fills behind bridge end bents.

Payment will be made under:

TYPE II MODIFIED APPROACH FILL, STATION _____ LS

4) On Section 00 75 00 – PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS (beginning on page 00 75 00 – 14), delete in its entirety SP-09, FALSEWORK AND FORMWORK, add the title **ARTICLE 3: SPECIAL PROVISIONS FOR STRUCTURES (SPS)** and replace with the following **SPS-01, SUBMITTAL OF WORKING DRAWINGS:**



Rivergate Parkway Bridge
Addendum No. 3 - Page 5 of 13
Revised Itemized Bid
Revised Drawing Sheet – B21 (Issued separately to the Plan Holders in Bonfire)

SPS-01, SUBMITTAL OF WORKING DRAWINGS

1.0 Description

Submit working drawings in accordance with Article 105-2 of the Standard Specifications and this provision. For this provision, "submittals" refers to only those listed in this provision. The list of submittals contained herein does not represent a list of required submittals for the project. Submittals are only necessary for those items as required by the contract. Make submittals that are not specifically noted in this provision directly to the City of Charlotte. Submit working drawings in accordance with Article 105-2 of the NCDOT Standard Specifications and this provision.

If a submittal contains variations from plan details or specifications or significantly affects project cost, field construction or operations, discuss the submittal with and submit all copies to the Engineer. State the reason for the proposed variation in the submittal. To minimize review time, make sure all submittals are complete when initially submitted. Provide a contact name and information with each submittal. Direct any questions regarding submittal requirements to the City of Charlotte contacts noted below.

In order to facilitate in-plant inspection by the City of Charlotte and approval of working drawings, provide the name, address, and telephone number of the facility where fabrication will actually be done if different than shown on the title block of the submitted working drawings. This includes, but is not limited to, precast concrete items, prestressed concrete items, FRP systems and fabricated steel or aluminum items.

For submittals or questions to the City of Charlotte, use the following contacts:

Andy Babson, Construction & Utility Program Manager Andy.Babson@charlottenc.gov Phone #: 704.622.9824

And

Chris Jiles, Assistant Program Manager Chris.Jiles@charlottenc.gov Phone #:704.634.4881

2.0 Submittal Copies

Furnish one complete copy of each submittal, including all attachments, to the City of Charlotte.

3.0 Measurement

There will be no measurement made for "Submittal of Working Drawings."

4.0 Payment

There will be no payment made for "Submittal of Working Drawings."

5) On Section 00 75 00 – PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS (beginning on page 00 75 00 – 19), *delete in its entirety* **SP-10**, **SUBMITTAL of Working Drawings** *and replace* with the following **SPS-02**, **FALSEWORK AND FORMWORK**:



Rivergate Parkway Bridge Addendum No. 3 - Page 6 of 13 Revised Itemized Bid Revised Drawing Sheet – B21 (Issued separately to the Plan Holders in Bonfire)

SPS-02, FALSEWORK AND FORMWORK

1.0 Description

Use this Special Provision as a guide to develop temporary works submittals required by the Standard Specifications or other provisions; no additional submittals are required herein. Such temporary works include, but are not limited to, falsework and formwork.

Falsework is any temporary construction used to support the permanent structure until it becomes self-supporting. Formwork is the temporary structure or mold used to retain plastic or fluid concrete in its designated shape until it hardens. Access scaffolding is a temporary structure that functions as a work platform that supports construction personnel, materials, and tools, but is not intended to support the structure. Scaffolding systems that are used to temporarily support permanent structures (as opposed to functioning as work platforms) are considered to be falsework under the definitions given. Shoring is a component of falsework such as horizontal, vertical, or inclined support members. Where the term "temporary works" is used, it includes all of the temporary facilities used in bridge construction that do not become part of the permanent structure.

Design and construct safe and adequate temporary works that will support all loads imposed and provide the necessary rigidity to achieve the lines and grades shown on the plans in the final structure.

2.0 Material

Select materials suitable for temporary works; however, select materials that also ensure the safety and quality required by the design assumptions. The Engineer has authority to reject material on the basis of its condition, inappropriate use, safety, or nonconformance with the plans. Clearly identify allowable loads or stresses for all materials or manufactured devices on the plans. Revise the plan and notify the Engineer if any change to materials or material strengths is required.

3.0 Design Requirements

A. Working Drawings

Provide working drawings for items as specified in the contract, or as required by the Engineer, with design calculations and supporting data in sufficient detail to permit a structural and safety review of the proposed design of the temporary work.

On the drawings, show all information necessary to allow the design of any component to be checked independently as determined by the Engineer.

When concrete placement is involved, include data such as the drawings of proposed sequence, rate of placement, direction of placement, and location of all construction joints.

When required, have the drawings and calculations prepared under the guidance of, and sealed by, a North Carolina Registered Professional Engineer who is knowledgeable in temporary works design.

If requested by the Engineer, submit with the working drawings manufacturer's catalog data listing the weight of all construction equipment that will be supported on the temporary work. Show anticipated total settlements and/or deflections of falsework and forms on the working drawings. Include falsework footing settlements, joint take-up, and deflection of beams or girders.



Rivergate Parkway Bridge
Addendum No. 3 - Page 7 of 13
Revised Itemized Bid
Revised Drawing Sheet – B21 (Issued separately to the Plan Holders in Bonfire)

As an option for the Contractor, overhang falsework hangers may be uniformly spaced, at a maximum of 36 inches, provided the following conditions are met:

Member Type (PCG)	Member Depth, (inches)	Max. Overhang Width, (inches)	Max. Slab Edge Thickness, (inches)	Max. Screed Wheel Weight, (lbs.)	Bracket Min. Vertical Leg Extension, (inches)
II	36	39	14	2000	26
Ш	45	42	14	2000	35
IV	54	45	14	2000	44
MBT	63	51	12	2000	50
MBT	72	55	12	1700	48

Overhang width is measured from the centerline of the girder to the edge of the deck slab. For Type II, III & IV prestressed concrete girders (PCG), 45-degree cast-in-place half hangers and rods must have a minimum safe working load of 6,000 lbs.

For MBT prestressed concrete girders, 45-degree angle holes for falsework hanger rods shall be cast through the girder top flange and located, measuring along the top of the member, 1'-2 %" from the edge of the top flange. Hanger hardware and rods must have a minimum safe working load of 6,000 lbs.

For links slabs, the tops of girders directly beneath the link slab shall be free of overhang falsework attachments or other hardware. Submit calculations and working drawings for overhang falsework in the link slab region.

The overhang bracket provided for the diagonal leg shall have a minimum safe working load of 3,750 lbs. The vertical leg of the bracket shall extend to the point that the heel bears on the girder bottom flange, no closer than 4 inches from the bottom of the member. However, for 72-inch members, the heel of the bracket shall bear on the web, near the bottom flange transition.

Provide adequate overhang falsework and determine the appropriate adjustments for deck geometry, equipment, casting procedures and casting conditions.

If the optional overhang falsework spacing is used, indicate this on the falsework submittal and advise the girder producer of the proposed details. Failure to notify the Engineer of hanger type and hanger spacing on prestressed concrete girder casting drawings may delay the approval of those drawings.

Falsework hangers that support concentrated loads and are installed at the edge of thin top flange concrete girders (such as bulb tee girders) shall be spaced so as not to exceed 75% of the manufacturer's stated safe working load. Use of dual leg hangers (such as Meadow Burke HF-42 and HF-43) are not allowed on concrete girders with thin top flanges. Design the falsework and forms supporting deck slabs and overhangs on girder bridges so that there will be no differential settlement between the girders and the deck forms during placement of deck concrete.

When staged construction of the bridge deck is required, detail falsework and forms for screed and fluid concrete loads to be independent of any previous deck pour components when the mid-span girder deflection due to deck weight is greater than ¾".

Note on the working drawings any anchorages, connectors, inserts, steel sleeves or other such devices used as part of the falsework or formwork that remains in the permanent structure. If the plan notes indicate that the structure contains the necessary corrosion protection required for a Corrosive Site, epoxy coat, galvanize or



Rivergate Parkway Bridge Addendum No. 3 - Page 8 of 13 Revised Itemized Bid Revised Drawing Sheet – B21 (Issued separately to the Plan Holders in Bonfire)

metalize these devices. Electroplating will not be allowed. Any coating required by the Engineer will be considered incidental to the various pay items requiring temporary works.

Design falsework and formwork requiring submittals in accordance with the 1995 AASHTO *Guide Design Specifications for Bridge Temporary Works* except as noted herein.

1. Wind Loads

Table 2.2 of Article 2.2.5.1 is modified to include wind velocities up to 110 mph. In addition, Table 2.2A is included to provide the maximum wind speeds by county in North Carolina.

Height Zone Pressure, lb/ft² for Indicated Wind Velocity, mph 70 80 90 feet above ground 100 110 0 to 30 15 20 25 30 35 30 to 50 20 25 30 35 40 50 to 100 25 30 35 40 45 over 100 30 35 40 45 50

Table 2.2 - Wind Pressure Values

2. Time of Removal

The following requirements replace those of Article 3.4.8.2.

Do not remove forms until the concrete has attained strengths required in Article 420-16 of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Do not remove forms until the concrete has sufficient strength to prevent damage to the surface.

Table 2.2A - Steady State Maximum Wind Speeds by Counties in North Carolina

COUNTY	25 YR (mph)	COUNTY	25 YR (mph)	COUNTY	25 YR (mph)
Alamance	70	Franklin	70	Pamlico	100
Alexander	70	Gaston	70	Pasquotank	100
Alleghany	70	Gates	90	Pender	100
Anson	70	Graham	80	Perquimans	100
Ashe	70	Granville	70	Person	70
Avery	70	Greene	80	Pitt	90
Beaufort	100	Guilford	70	Polk	80
Bertie	90	Halifax	80	Randolph	70
Bladen	90	Harnett	70	Richmond	70
Brunswick	100	Haywood	80	Robeson	80
Buncombe	80	Henderson	80	Rockingham	70



Rivergate Parkway Bridge Addendum No. 3 - Page 9 of 13 Revised Itemized Bid Revised Drawing Sheet – B21 (Issued separately to the Plan Holders in Bonfire)

Burke	70	Hertford	90	Rowan	70
Cabarrus	70	Randolph	70	Rutherford	70
Caldwell	70	Hyde	110	Sampson	90
Camden	100	Iredell	70	Scotland	70
Carteret	110	Jackson	80	Stanley	70
Caswell	70	Johnston	80	Stokes	70
Catawba	70	Jones	100	Surry	70
Cherokee	80	Lee	70	Swain	80
Chatham	70	Lenoir	90	Transylvania	80
Chowan	90	Lincoln	70	Tyrell	100
Clay	80	Macon	80	Union	70
Cleveland	70	BURKE	80	Vance	70
Columbus	90	Martin	90	Wake	70
Craven	100	BURKE	70	Warren	70
Cumberland	80	Mecklenburg	70	Washington	100
Currituck	100	Mitchell	70	Watauga	70
Dare	110	Montgomery	70	Wayne	80
Davidson	70	Moore	70	Wilkes	70
Davie	70	Nash	80	Wilson	80
Duplin	90	New Hanover	100	Yadkin	70
Durham	70	Northampton	80	Yancey	70
Edgecombe	80	Onslow	100		
Forsyth	70	Orange	70		

A. Review and Approval

The Engineer is responsible for the review and approval of temporary works' drawings.

Submit the working drawings sufficiently in advance of proposed use to allow for their review, revision (if needed), and approval without delay to the work.

The time period for review of the working drawings does not begin until complete drawings and design calculations, when required, are received by the Engineer.

Do not start construction of any temporary work for which working drawings are required until the drawings have been approved. Such approval does not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility for the accuracy and adequacy of the working drawings.

4.0 Construction Methods

All requirements of Section 420 of the Standard Specifications apply.

Construct temporary works in conformance with the approved working drawings. Ensure that the quality of materials and workmanship employed is consistent with that assumed in the design of the temporary works.



Rivergate Parkway Bridge Addendum No. 3 - Page 10 of 13 Revised Itemized Bid Revised Drawing Sheet – B21 (Issued separately to the Plan Holders in Bonfire)

Do not weld falsework members to any portion of the permanent structure unless approved. Show any welding to the permanent structure on the approved construction drawings.

Provide tell-tales attached to the forms and extending to the ground, or other means, for accurate measurement of falsework settlement. Make sure that the anticipated compressive settlement and/or deflection of falsework does not exceed 1 inch. For cast in place concrete structures, make sure that the calculated deflection of falsework flexural members does not exceed 1/240 of their span regardless of whether or not the deflection is compensated by camber strips.

A. Maintenance and Inspection

Inspect and maintain the temporary work in an acceptable condition throughout the period of its use. Certify that the manufactured devices have been maintained in a condition to allow them to safely carry their rated loads. Clearly mark each piece so that its capacity can be readily determined at the job site.

Perform an in-depth inspection of an applicable portion(s) of the temporary works, in the presence of the Engineer, not more than 24 hours prior to the beginning of each concrete placement. Inspect other temporary works at least once a month to ensure that they are functioning properly. Have a North Carolina Registered Professional Engineer inspect the cofferdams, shoring, sheathing, support of excavation structures, and support systems for load tests prior to loading.

B. Foundations

Determine the safe bearing capacity of the foundation material on which the supports for temporary works rest. If required by the Engineer, conduct load tests to verify proposed bearing capacity values that are marginal or in other high-risk situations.

The use of the foundation support values shown on the contract plans of the permanent structure is permitted if the foundations are on the same level and on the same soil as those of the permanent structure.

Allow for adequate site drainage or soil protection to prevent soil saturation and washout of the soil supporting the temporary works supports.

If piles are used, the estimation of capacities and later confirmation during construction using standard procedures based on the driving characteristics of the pile is permitted. If preferred, use load tests to confirm the estimated capacities; or, if required by the Engineer conduct load tests to verify bearing capacity values that are marginal or in other high risk situations.

The Engineer reviews and approves the proposed pile and soil bearing capacities.

5.0 Removal

Unless otherwise permitted, remove, and keep all temporary works upon completion of the work. Do not disturb or otherwise damage the finished work.

Remove temporary works in conformance with the contract documents. Remove them in such a manner as to permit the structure to uniformly and gradually take the stresses due to its own weight.

6.0 Measurement

Unless otherwise specified, temporary works will not be directly measured.



Rivergate Parkway Bridge Addendum No. 3 - Page 11 of 13 Revised Itemized Bid Revised Drawing Sheet – B21 (Issued separately to the Plan Holders in Bonfire)

7.0 Payment

Payment at the contract unit prices for the various pay items requiring temporary works will be full compensation for the above falsework and formwork.

6) On Section 00 75 00 – PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS (beginning on page 00 75 00 – 24 through 32), *delete in its entirety* **SP-11**, **CRANE SAFETY** *and replace* with the following **SPS-03**, **CRANE SAFETY**:

SPS-03, CRANE SAFETY

1.0 Description

Comply with the manufacturer specifications and limitations applicable to the operation of any and all cranes and derricks. Prime contractors, sub-contractors, and fully operated rental companies shall comply with the current Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) regulations.

Submit all items listed below to the Engineer prior to beginning crane operations. Changes in personnel or equipment must be reported to the Engineer and all applicable items listed below must be updated and submitted prior to continuing with crane operations.

- I. CRANE SAFETY SUBMITTAL LIST
- A. <u>Competent Person:</u> Provide the name and qualifications of the "Competent Person" responsible for crane safety and lifting operations. The named competent person will have the responsibility and authority to stop any work activity due to safety concerns.
- B. <u>Riggers:</u> Provide the qualifications and experience of the persons responsible for rigging operations. Qualifications and experience should include, but not be limited to, weight calculations, center of gravity determinations, selection and inspection of sling and rigging equipment, and safe rigging practices.
- C. <u>Crane Inspections:</u> Inspection records for all cranes shall be current and readily accessible for review upon request.
- D. <u>Certifications</u>: Crane operators shall be certified by the National Commission for the Certification of Crane Operators (NCCCO) or the National Center for Construction Education and Research (NCCER). Other approved nationally accredited programs will be considered upon request. In addition, crane operators shall have a current CDL medical card. Submit a list of crane operator(s) and include current certification for each type of crane operated (small hydraulic, large hydraulic, small lattice, large lattice) and medical evaluations for each operator.

2.0 Measurement

There will be no measurement made for "Crane Safety."

3.0 Payment

There will be no payment made for "Crane Safety."



Rivergate Parkway Bridge Addendum No. 3 - Page 12 of 13 Revised Itemized Bid Revised Drawing Sheet – B21 (Issued separately to the Plan Holders in Bonfire)

7) On Section 00 75 00 – PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS (beginning on page 00 75 00 – 23), *delete in its entirety* **SP-12**, **GROUT FOR STRUCTURES** and replace with the following **SPS-04**, **GROUT FOR STRUCTURES**:

SPS-04, GROUT FOR STRUCTURES

1. Description

This special provision addresses grout for use in pile blockouts, grout pockets, shear keys, dowel holes and recesses for structures. This provision does not apply to grout placed in post-tensioning ducts for bridge beams, girders, decks, end bent caps, or bent caps. Mix and place grout in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, the applicable sections of the Standard Specifications and this provision.

2. Material

Unless otherwise noted on the plans, use a Type 3 Grout in accordance with Section 1003 of the Standard Specifications.

Initial setting time shall not be less than 10 minutes when tested in accordance with ASTM C266.

Construction loading and traffic loading shall not be allowed until the 3 day compressive strength is achieved.

3. Construction Methods

Place and maintain components in final position until grout placement is complete and accepted. Concrete surfaces to receive grout shall be free of defective concrete, laitance, oil, grease and other foreign matter. Saturate concrete surfaces with clean water and remove excess water prior to placing grout.

4. Payment

No separate payment will be made for "Grout for Structures". The cost of the material, equipment, labor, placement, and any incidentals necessary to complete the work shall be considered incidental to the structure item requiring grout.

- 8) On Section 00 75 00 PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS (beginning on page 00 75 00 24), *delete* **SP-13**, **PILES** in its entirety.
- 9) On Section 00 75 00 PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS (beginning on page 00 75 00 34), *change* **ARTICLE 4**: **REAL ESTATE SPECIAL PROVISIONS** to be **ARTICLE 5**: **REAL ESTATE SPECIAL PROVISIONS**.

MODIFICATIONS TO PROJECT DRAWINGS

1) On the DRAWINGS, *replace* the drawing sheet indicated below with the revised drawing sheet included as part of this Addendum No. 3. The Revised drawing sheet will be issued through the Bonfire Procurement Portal.

SHEET NO	DRAWING TITLE
B21	Bridge Approach Slabs

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS



Rivergate Parkway Bridge
Addendum No. 3 - Page 13 of 13
Revised Itemized Bid
Revised Drawing Sheet – B21 (Issued separately to the Plan Holders in Bonfire)

1. Should the Standard Approach Fill be considered Type II in this case rather than Type I?

<u>Revised Answer to Addendum #1</u>: Disregard the answer to this question on Addendum #1. Bridge Approach should use the Sub-Regional Approach Fill Detail that utilizes Type II – Modified Approach Fill. See revised plan sheet B21. The SP-04 and Itemized Bid have been revised to address this change with this Addendum.)

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT BY BIDDER:

Please recognize receipt of this addendum in the acknowledgment addenda section on the **Execution of BID** page.

END OF ADDENDUM NO. 3